



Erythromycin rapid test strip (Honey) (DTS1026L)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Size 50T

Intended Use

Erythromycin rapid test strip is developed for rapid test of erythromycin contamination in honey.

General Description

Erythromycin is a macrolide antibiotic that has an antimicrobial spectrum similar to or slightly wider than that of penicillin, and is often used for people who have an allergy to penicillins. For respiratory tract infections, it has better coverage of atypical organisms, including mycoplasma and Legionellosis. It was first marketed by Eli Lilly and Company, and it is today commonly known as EES (erythromycin ethylsuccinate, an ester prodrug that is commonly administered). Erythromycin is produced by a strain of *Streptomyces erythraeus* and belongs to the macrolide group of antibiotics. It is basic and readily forms salts with acids but it is the base which is microbiologically active.

Principles of Testing

Erythromycin rapid test strip is based on competitive indirect colloid gold immunochromatography technology, in which erythromycin in sample competes for the colloid gold labeled antibody with erythromycin coupling antigen captured on test line. The test result can be observed by naked eye.

Reagents And Materials Provided

1. Test strips (96tests): 8 strips/bottle, 12 bottles
2. Red powder microwells: 8 wells
3. Sample diluent(10x): 1 bottle
4. Sample Extraction Solution B: 1 bottle

5. Sample Extract Solution C: 1 bottle
6. Desiccants: 2 pieces/bottle
7. Product Manual: 1 pieces

Materials Required But Not Supplied

1. Balance
2. Pipette
3. Tip

Storage

The kit can be stored at room temperature (2-30°C). The test kit is stable through the expiration date marked on the foil pouch. DO NOT FREEZE. Do not store the test kit in direct sunlight.

Specimen Collection And Preparation

1. Weigh 2 ± 0.05 g honey sample, add 3ml sample diluent, shake for 3min to mix well.
2. Add 300ul sample extraction solution B and shake for 1min;
3. Add 2ml of sample extraction solution C and shake for 1min to obtain the sample solution to be tested.

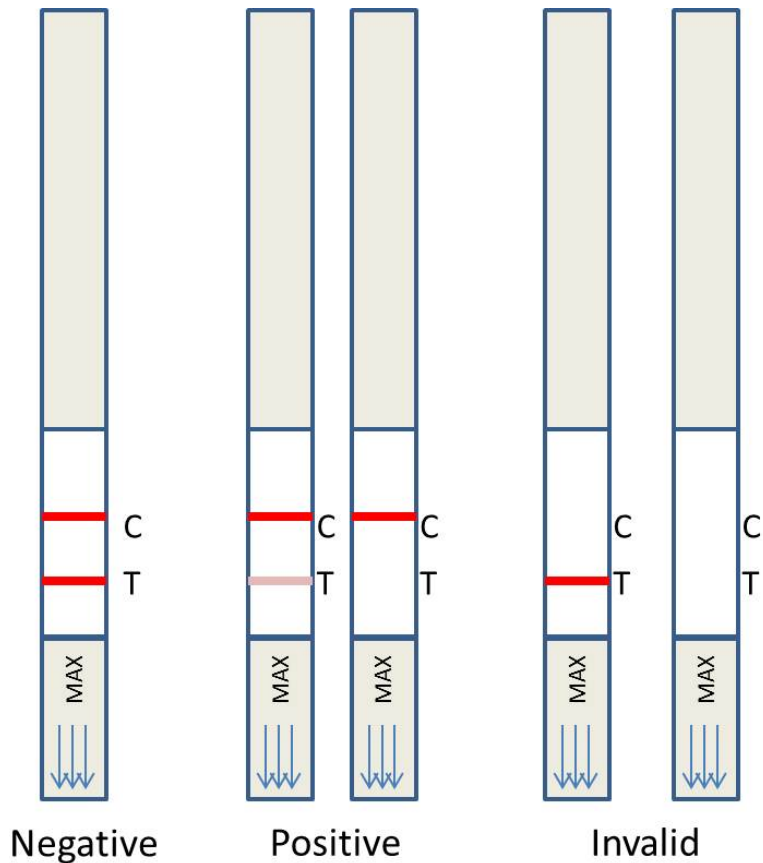
Reagent Preparation

Sample diluent (1x): add 1 part of 10X sample diluent to 9 parts of deionized water to obtain 1x sample diluent.

Assay Procedure

1. Please read the instructions carefully before use and return the test strips and samples to room temperature.
2. Take out the required microwells and test strips from the kit, making proper marks. Then seal the cap of the bottles, avoid moisture. (Please use the strips as soon as possible within 1 hour).
3. Use a pipette to pipette 200μL of sample into the microwell, and slowly aspirate five times until the mixture is uniform and no solid can be observed with the naked eye (this step is very important).
4. After incubating for 5 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C), insert the labeled strip into the microwell (the end printed with MAX and completely immerse it in the solution).
5. After immersing the test paper in the micropore for 8-10 minutes, judge the result according to the "Interpretation of Results", and the interpretation at other times is invalid.

Interpretation Of Results



1. Negative: Both Control line (C line) and Test line (T line) developed red color, indicating that the sample does not contain erythromycin or its concentration is below the detection limit.
2. Positive: Only Control line (C line) developed red color and Test line (T line) shows no color, or the color of T line is significantly weaker than C line, indicating that the erythromycin concentration in the sample is equal to or higher than the detection limit.
3. Invalid: If there is no red line appears on Control line (C line), the result is invalid regardless of whether there is a red line on Test line (T line).

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of erythromycin in tissue is 20 ppb.

Precautions

1. Test strips are used at room temperature for one time; do not use expired test strips.
2. Disposable tips are not reusable to avoid cross-contamination.
3. Do not touch the white film surface in the center of the test strip during use; avoid direct sunlight and direct fan blow.
4. Tap water, distilled water or deionized water cannot be used as a negative control.
5. If you encounter any problems with the test, please contact the supplier.