



Sulfonamides rapid test strip (Tissue) (DTS1018L)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Size	96T
Intended Use	Sulfonamides rapid test strip is developed for rapid test of sulfonamides contamination in tissue.
General Description	Sulfonamide or sulphonamide is the basis of several groups of drugs. The original antibacterial sulfonamides (sometimes called sulfa drugs or sulpha drugs) are synthetic antimicrobial agents that contain the sulfonamide group. Some sulfonamides are also devoid of antibacterial activity, e.g., the anticonvulsant sultiame. The sulfonylureas and thiazide diuretics are newer drug groups based on the antibacterial sulfonamides.
Reagents And Materials Provided	 Test strips (96tests): 8 strips/bottle, 12 bottles Red powder microwells: 8 wells Sample diluent(10x): 1 bottle Desiccants: 2 pieces/bottle Product Manual: 1 pieces
Materials Required But Not Supplied	 Homogenizer Balance Pipette Tip Timer
Storage	The kit can be stored at room temperature (2-30°C). The test kit is stable through the expiration date marked on the foil pouch. DO NOT FREEZE. Do not store the test kit in direct sunlight.
Specimen Collection And Preparation	Weigh 1.0±0.05g homogenized tissue sample into a 10ml polystyrene centrifuge tube, add 4ml sample diluent, and vortex for 2min to obtain the sample solution to be tested.
Reagent Preparation	Sample diluent (1x): add 1 part of 10X sample diluent to 9 parts of deionized water to obtain 1x

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Assay Procedure

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully before use and return the test strips and samples to room temperature.
- 2. Take out the required microwells and test strips from the kit, making proper marks. Then seal the cap of the bottles, avoid moisture. (Please use the strips as soon as possible within 1 hour).
- 3. Use a pipette to pipette $200\mu L$ of sample into the microwell, and slowly aspirate five times until the mixture is uniform and no solid can be observed with the naked eye (this step is very important).
- 4. After incubating for 5 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C), insert the labeled strip into the microwell (the end printed with MAX and completely immerse it in the solution).
- 5. After immersing the test paper in the micropore for 5-8 minutes, judge the result according to the "Interpretation of Results", and the interpretation at other times is invalid.

- 1. Negative: Both Control line (C line) and Test line (T line) developed red color, indicating that the sample does not contain sulfonamides or its concentration is below the detection limit.
- 2. Positive: Only Control line (C line) developed red color and Test line (T line) shows no color, or the color of T line is significantly weaker than C line, indicating that the sulfonamide concentration in the sample is equal to or higher than the detection limit.
- 3. Invalid: If there is no red line appears on Control line (C line), the result is invalid regardless of whether there is a red line on Test line (T line).

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of sulfonamides in tissue is 60 ppb.

Precautions

- 1. Test strips are used at room temperature for one time; do not use expired test strips.
- 2. Disposable tips are not reusable to avoid cross-contamination.
- 3. Do not to touch the white film surface in the center of the test strip during use; avoid direct sunlight and direct fan blow.
- 4. Tap water, distilled water or deionized water cannot be used as a negative control.
- 5. If you encounter any problems with the test, please contact the supplier.