



Anti-AAV2 VP1 monoclonal antibody, Clone B2 (DMAB6348)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Monoclonal Antibody to VP 1 of AAV (adeno-associated virus)
Antigen Description	Mab B2 reacts with VP1 of adeno-associated virus. In immunoprecipitation, an occasional reaction with a non-AAV-derived protein is found.
Specificity	Epitope mapping experiments identified aa123 to aa131 of VP1 capsid protein as the specific binding region.
Target	AAV Capsid protein
Immunogen	Adeno-associated virus capsid proteins and virus particles
Isotype	IgG2a
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	AAV
Clone	B2
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	IF, IHC, IP, IP, ELISA
Format	Culture supernatant
Size	50 µg
Buffer	PBS or Tris-buffered saline
Preservative	None

Storage

At 2°C-8°C for min. 1 year after reconstitution

BACKGROUND

Introduction

Adeno-associated virus (AAV) is a small virus which infects humans and some other primate species. AAV is not currently known to cause disease and consequently the virus causes a very mild immune response. AAV can infect both dividing and non-dividing cells and may incorporate its genome into that of the host cell. These features make AAV a very attractive candidate for creating viral vectors for gene therapy, and for the creation of isogenic human disease models. Recent human clinical trials using AAV for gene therapy in the retina have shown promise.

Keywords

AAV; VP 1 of AAV; VP 1 of Adeno-Associated Virus; Parvovirinae; Dependovirus; adeno-associated virus; VP 1 of AAV (Adeno-associated Virus)
