



# Anti-Cytokeratin monoclonal antibody, clone MQ35 (DMAB5336MH)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	Mouse anti-human cytokeratin monoclonal antibody is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Clinical interpretation of staining results should be accompanied by histological studies with proper controls. Patients' clinical histories and other relevant diagnostic tests should be utilized by a qualified person(s) when evaluating and interpreting results.
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody recognizes keratin polypeptide of 45 (keratin 5), 56 (keratin 6), and 58 kD (keratin 18). It shows a broad pattern of reactivity with human epithelial tissues from simple glandular epithelia to stratified squamous epithelia. This antibody is of value in the identification of tumor cells as being of epithelial or less commonly of mesothelial origin.
<b>Immunogen</b>	BALB/C mice were immunized with human Keratin.
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Clone</b>	MQ35
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	IHC
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cytoplasmic
<b>Positive Control</b>	Skin
<b>Format</b>	This antibody is supplied as purified antibody containing sodium azide as a preservative.

<b>Preservative</b>	See individual product datasheet
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 2-8°C. Do not use beyond the expiration date stated on the label.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Cytokeratins are proteins of keratin-containing intermediate filaments found in the intracytoplasmic cytoskeleton of epithelial tissue. The term "cytokeratin" began to be used in the late 1970s (for example, see "Intermediate-sized filaments of human endothelial cells" by Franke, Schmid, Osborn and Weber when the protein subunits of keratin intermediate filaments inside cells were first being identified and characterized. In 2006 a new systematic nomenclature for keratins was created and now the proteins previously called "cytokeratins" are simply called keratins. Over 25,000 published articles exist in the biomedical research literature that used the term "cytokeratin".
<b>Keywords</b>	67 kDa cytokeratin; CK1; Cytokeratin 1; Cytokeratin 19; Cytokeratin 8; EHK1; Hair Alpha Protein; K1; Keratin 1; Keratin 19; Keratin 8; Keratin Type II Cytoskeletal 1; KRT1; KRT19; KRT1A; KRT8; KRTA