



Anti-HAV Monoclonal antibody, Clone CDI869 (DMAB3489)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Monoclonal Antibody to Hepatitis A Virus (HAV)
Specificity	Recognizes a surface protein of Hepatitis A Virus
Target	HAV
Immunogen	Partially purified Hepatitis A Virus, Strain HM175
Isotype	IgG3
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	HAV
Clone	CDI869
Affinity Constant	Not determined
Purification	90% pure. Protein A chromatography
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Suitable for use in ELISA and immunohistochemistry. Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.
Format	Purified, Liquid
Concentration	100ug/ml (OD280nm, E0.1% = 1.3)
Size	100 µg

Buffer	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2. Product contains no stabilizing proteins.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium Azide
Storage	Upon receipt, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.
Warnings	This product contains sodium azide, which has been classified as Xn (Harmful), in European Directive 67/548/EEC in the concentration range of 0.1–1.0 %. When disposing of this reagent through lead or copper plumbing, flush with copious volumes of water to prevent azide build-up in drains.

BACKGROUND

Introduction	Hepatitis A Virus (HAV) is a 27nm nonenveloped, spherical, positive stranded RNA virus, classified within the genus hepatovirus of the picornavirus family and is among the smallest and structurally simplest of the RNA animal viruses. A single large polyprotein is expressed from a large open reading frame extending through most of the genomic RNA. This polyprotein is subsequently cleaved by a viral protease (3Cpro) to form three (possibly four) capsid proteins and several nonstructural proteins. HAV genomic replication occurs exclusively in the cytoplasm of the infected hepatocyte by a mechanism involving an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase.
Keywords	HAV; Hepatitis A Virus; Picornaviridae; Hepatovirus; Hepatitis A