



Anti-GALNT12 monoclonal antibody (DCABH-11668)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	GALNT12 is a member of a family of UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferases (EC 2.4.1.41), which catalyze the transfer of N-acetylgalactosamine (GalNAc) from UDP-GalNAc to a hydroxyl amino acid on a polypeptide acceptor in the initial step of mucin-type O-linked protein glycosylation (Guo et al., 2002 [PubMed 12135769]).
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human GALNT12 is used for rabbit immunization.
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Western Blot (Transfected lysate); ELISA
Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Preservative	None
Storage	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	GALNT12 UDP-N-acetyl-alpha-D-galactosamine:polypeptide N-
------------------	---

[acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 12 \(GalNAc-T12\) \[Homo sapiens \]](#)

Official Symbol	GALNT12
Synonyms	GALNT12; UDP-N-acetyl-alpha-D-galactosamine:polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 12 (GalNAc-T12); polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 12; FLJ21212; pp-GaNTase 12; polypeptide GalNAc transferase 12; colorectal cancer, susceptibility to 1; protein-UDP acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 12; UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 12; CRCS1; GalNAc-T12;
Entrez Gene ID	79695
Protein Refseq	NP_078918
UniProt ID	Q8IXK2
Chromosome Location	9q22.33
Pathway	Metabolic pathways, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolism of proteins, organism-specific biosystem; Mucin type O-Glycan biosynthesis, organism-specific biosystem; Mucin type O-Glycan biosynthesis, conserved biosystem; O-glycan biosynthesis, mucin type core, organism-specific biosystem; O-glycan biosynthesis, mucin type core, conserved biosystem; O-linked glycosylation of mucins, organism-specific biosystem.
Function	polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase activity; sugar binding; transferase activity, transferring glycosyl groups;