



Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (V341I) [His] (DAGC361)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview A DNA sequence encoding the SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD(V341I)-His Recombinant Protein (YP_009724390.1) (Arg319-Phe541(V341I)) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Species SARS-CoV-2

Purity > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Conjugate His

Applications ELISA

Predicted N terminal Arg319

Molecular Weight The recombinant SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike RBD(V341I)-His Recombinant Protein consists of 234 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 26.6 kDa.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.

Format Lyophilized

Size 100 µg, 1 mg

Buffer Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.

Preservative None

Storage Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

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| Introduction | <p>The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell: they are essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. The SARS-CoV spike (S) protein is composed of two subunits; the S1 subunit contains a receptor-binding domain that engages with the host cell receptor angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 and the S2 subunit mediates fusion between the viral and host cell membranes. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity, during infection with SARS-CoV.</p> |
| Keywords | <p>SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD; SARS-CoV-2; SARS-CoV-2 S1 RBD; SARS-CoV-2 Spike; SARS-CoV-2 RBD</p> |