



## Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein [His] (DAGC109)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Species	coronavirus
Purity	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Conjugate	His
Applications	SDS-PAGE
Format	Liquid
Size	50 μg, 500μg, 1 mg
Preservative	None
Storage	Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Ship	Shipped at ambient temperature.

## **BACKGROUND**

## Introduction

The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell: they are essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry

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inhibitors. The SARS-CoV spike (S) protein is composed of two subunits; the S1 subunit contains a receptor-binding domain that engages with the host cell receptor angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 and the S2 subunit mediates fusion between the viral and host cell membranes. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity, during infection with SARS-CoV.

Keywords

SARS-CoV-2; coronavirus; SARS-CoV-2 S1; SARS-CoV-2 spike protein