



Human BBC3 blocking peptide (DAG-P0957)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	This gene encodes a member of the BCL-2 family of proteins. This family member belongs to
Antigen Description	This gene encodes a member of the BCL-2 family of proteins. This family member belongs to

the BH3-only pro-apoptotic subclass. The protein cooperates with direct activator proteins to induce mitochondrial outer membrane permeabilization and apoptosis. It can bind to anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members to induce mitochondrial dysfunction and caspase activation. Because of its pro-apoptotic role, this gene is a potential drug target for cancer therapy and for tissue injury. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec

2011]

Specificity Ubiquitously expressed.
--

Conjugate Unconjugated

Applications BL

Sequence Similarities Belongs to the Bcl-2 family.

Format Liquid

Buffer PBS with 0.1% BSA 0.02% sodium azide pH7.2

Preservative 0.02% Sodium Azide

Storage Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles. PBS with 0.1% BSA 0.02% sodium azide pH7.2

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name BBC3 BCL2 binding component 3 [Homo sapiens (human)]

Official Symbol BBC3

45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 Fax: 1-631-938-8221

	regulated modulator of apoptosis;
Entrez Gene ID	<u>27113</u>
mRNA Refseq	NM_001127240.2
Protein Refseq	NP 001120712.1
UniProt ID	Q96PG8
Chromosome Location	19q13.3-q13.4
Pathway	Activation of BH3-only proteins, organism-specific biosystem; Activation of PUMA and translocation to mitochondria, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis Modulation and Signaling, organism-specific biosystem; BH3-only proteins associate with and inactivate anti-apoptotic BCL-2 members, organism-specific biosystem; DNA damage response, organism-specific biosystem; DNA damage response (only ATM dependent), organism-sp
Function	protein binding;