



# Rabbit Anti-Human ANO1 Monoclonal Antibody, clone CQ7143 (CABT-Z205R)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide corresponding to DOG1 residues within aa1-100 of DOG1 was used as an immunogen.
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Clone</b>	CQ7143
<b>Purification</b>	ProA affinity purified IgG.
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	IHC-P Recommended concentration: IHC-P: 1:100-1:200
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	114 kDa
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Membrane/Cytoplasm
<b>Positive Control</b>	GIST
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	Lot specific
<b>Size</b>	100 µl

<b>Buffer</b>	PBS 59%, Sodium azide 0.01%, Glycerol 40%, BSA 0.05%.
<b>Preservative</b>	0.01% Sodium azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	DOG1 is a calcium-dependent chloride channel protein that is encoded by a gene called TMEM16A (TMEM16 FLJ10261, ANO1, ORAOV2, and AOS2) located on chromosome 11q13. DOG1 has many significant functions such as regulation of the cholinergic activity of gastrointestinal smooth muscle and regulation of both the survival and proliferation of cells. DOG1 is detected in gastrointestinal Cajal cells, acinic cells in salivary glands (apical membranous staining, particularly in serous cells), pancreatic centroacinar cells, liver cells, and epithelium of biliary tract, breast, stomach, and prostate. More than 90% of all gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GISTs) are DOG1 positive, irrespective of kit mutation and CD117 positivity. The staining pattern varies from cytoplasmic to membranous, with usually strong, diffuse intensity. DOG1 is an important marker in the identification of GIST together with CD117, slightly more sensitive (particularly in gastric GIST without c-kit mutation) and also more specific than CD117. DOG1 is also useful in the classification of salivary carcinomas, and pancreatic and renal tumors.
<b>Keywords</b>	ANO1; anoctamin 1, calcium activated chloride channel; DOG1; TAOS2; ORAOV2; TMEM16A; anoctamin-1; Ca <sup>2+</sup> -activated Cl <sup>-</sup> channel; oral cancer overexpressed 2; tumor-amplified and overexpressed sequence 2

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	ANO1
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">55107</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">Q5XXA6</a>