



# Rat Anti-Mouse CSF1R (CD115) Monoclonal antibody, clone AFS98 (CABT-L4320)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

**Product Overview** The AFS98 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse colony stimulating factor 1 receptor (CSF1R), also known as macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor (M-CSFR), and CD115. CSF1R is a single-pass type I membrane protein and member of the platelet-derived growth factor receptor family.

**Target** Mouse CSF1R (CD115)

**Immunogen** CE mouse spleen cells and thymocytes

**Isotype** IgG2a, κ

**Source/Host** Rat

**Species Reactivity** Mouse

**Clone** AFS98

**Purification** Protein G purified.  
Purity>95%. Determined by SDS-PAGE

**Conjugate** Functional Grade

**Applications** in vivo macrophage depletion, in vitro CSF-R1 neutralization, in vivo monocyte depletion, FC, WB

**Molecular Weight** 150 kDa

**Format** 0.2 μM filtered liquid. Purified from tissue culture supernatant in an animal free facility

**Concentration** Lot specific

<b>Size</b>	5 mg
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS, pH 7.0. Contains no stabilizers or preservatives. [low endotoxin azide-free]  Endotoxin level: <2EU/mg (<0.002EU/μg). Determined by LAL gel clotting assay Related dilution buffer: CABT-LB04
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	The AFS98 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse colony stimulating factor 1 receptor (CSF1R), also known as macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor (M-CSFR), and CD115. CSF1R is a single-pass type I membrane protein and member of the platelet-derived growth factor receptor family. In mice CSF1R is expressed by monocytes/macrophages, peritoneal exudate cells, plasmacytoid and conventional dendritic cells, and osteoclasts. CSF1R is a receptor for CSF1 and CSF1 signaling through CSF1R regulates the proliferation and differentiation of cells in the monocytic lineage. The AFS98 antibody has been reported to deplete macrophages and block CSFR1 in vivo.
<b>Keywords</b>	CSF1R;colony stimulating factor 1 receptor;Fms;CD115;Csfmr;Fim-2;CSF-1R;M-CSFR;M-CSF-R;AI323359;macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor;CSF-1 receptor;CSF-1-R;c-fms;proto-oncogene c-Fms;proto-oncogene fms;

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Official Symbol</b>	colony stimulating factor 1 receptor
<b>Synonyms</b>	CSF1R; colony stimulating factor 1 receptor; Fms; CD115; Csfmr; Fim-2; CSF-1R; M-CSFR; M-CSF-R; AI323359; macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor; CSF-1 receptor; CSF-1-R; c-fms; proto-oncogene c-Fms; proto-oncogene fms;
<b>References</b>	Bauche, D., et al. (2018). "LAG3(+) Regulatory T Cells Restrain Interleukin-23-Producing CX3CR1(+) Gut-Resident Macrophages during Group 3 Innate Lymphoid Cell-Driven Colitis." <i>Immunity</i> 49(2): 342-352 e345. PubMed;Li, W., et al. (2012). "Intravital 2-photon imaging of leukocyte trafficking in beating heart." <i>J Clin Invest</i> 122(7): 2499-2508. PubMed;Tagliani, E., et al. (2011). "Coordinate regulation of tissue macrophage and dendritic cell population dynamics by CSF-1." <i>J Exp Med</i> 208(9): 1901-1916. PubMed;Lim, A. K., et al. (2009). "Antibody blockade of c-fms suppresses the progression of inflammation and injury in early diabetic nephropathy in

