



# Mouse Anti-Human PD-1 monoclonal antibody, clone JID112 (CABT-L2940)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

**Product Overview** This antibody is intended for qualified laboratories to qualitatively identify by light microscopy the presence of associated antigens in sections of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections using IHC test methods.

<b>Specificity</b>	Human PD-1
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Clone</b>	JID112
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	IHC
<b>Reconstitution</b>	The prediluted antibody does not require any mixing, dilution, reconstitution, or titration; the antibody is ready-to-use and optimized for staining. The concentrated antibody requires dilution in the optimized buffer, to the recommended working dilution range.
<b>Positive Control</b>	Tonsil, Lymph Node
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Size</b>	Predilute: 7 ml, Concentrate: 100 µl, Concentrate: 1 ml
<b>Buffer</b>	Predilute: Antibody Diluent Buffer Concentrate: Tris Buffer, pH 7.3 - 7.7, with 1% BSA

<b>Preservative</b>	< 0.1% Sodium Azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice
<b>Warnings</b>	This antibody is intended for use in Immunohistochemical applications on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues (FFPE), frozen tissue sections and cell preparations.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Programmed Death 1 (PD-1) is a member of the CD28/CTLA-4 family of T-cell regulators, expressed as a co-receptor on the surface of activated T-cells, B-cells, and macrophages. New studies have suggested that the PD-1/PD-L1 signaling pathway may be linked to anti-tumor immunity, as PD-L1 has been shown to induce apoptosis of activated T cells or inhibit activity of cytotoxic T cells. In comparison to CD10 and Bcl-6, PD-1 is expressed by fewer B cells and has therefore been considered a more specific and useful diagnostic marker for angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma. Therapies targeted toward the PD-1 receptor have shown remarkable clinical responses in patients with various types of cancer, including non-small-cell lung cancer, melanoma, and renal-cell cancer.
<b>Keywords</b>	PDCD1;programmed cell death 1;PD1;PD-1;CD279;SLEB2;hPD-1;hPD-I;hSLE1;programmed cell death protein 1;protein PD-1;systemic lupus erythematosus susceptibility 2;

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	PDCD1 programmed cell death 1 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]
<b>Official Symbol</b>	PDCD1
<b>Synonyms</b>	PDCD1; programmed cell death 1; PD1; PD-1; CD279; SLEB2; hPD-1; hPD-I; hSLE1; programmed cell death protein 1; protein PD-1; systemic lupus erythematosus susceptibility 2;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">5133</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	NP_005009
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">Q15116</a>
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	2q37.3
<b>Pathway</b>	Adaptive Immune System; Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs); Costimulation by the CD28 family; Immune System; PD-1 signaling; T cell receptor signaling pathway;
<b>Function</b>	protein binding; signal transducer activity;