



# Anti-ToRSV polyclonal antibody [AP] (CABT-BL6277)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| <b>Immunogen</b>    | Antiserum is developed in rabbit using purified virus as immunogen.  |
| <b>Source/Host</b>  | Rabbit   |
| <b>Purification</b> | caprylic acid purified   |
| <b>Conjugate</b>    | AP   |
| <b>Applications</b> | ELISA  |
| <b>Format</b>       | Liquid   |
| <b>Size</b>         | 200 µl, 1 ml   |
| <b>Buffer</b>       | In 0.05 M TRIS buffer, pH 8.0.   |
| <b>Preservative</b> | None   |
| <b>Storage</b>      | The antibody should be stored at 2-8°C. For storage longer than one year, the solution may be frozen at -20°C. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. The solution may be frozen in aliquots if necessary. The antibody has a shelf-life of 2 years after date of purchase. |

## BACKGROUND

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| <b>Introduction</b> | Tomato ringspot virus (ToRSV) is a plant pathogenic virus of the family Secoviridae. It affects species of cucumber, tobacco, tomato, cowpea, among others. It causes ringspots in tobacco plants and raspberries, yellow bud mosaic in peaches, yellow vein in grapes, and stunted growth in gladiolus and Narcissus. Its range is in the temperate regions of North America, especially where its vector, Xiphinema americanum is present. Along with the adult and larval |
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stages of this nematode, the virus is also spread by seed. This type of infection is more common in strawberries and soybeans than any other susceptible plant.

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**Keywords**

Tomato ringspot virus; ToRSV; Tobacco ringspot virus No. 2; Nicotiana virus 13; Peach yellow bud mosaic virus; Grape yellow vein virus

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