



Anti-ALDH2 polyclonal antibody (DPABY-735)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description

This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Two major liver isoforms of this enzyme, cytosolic and mitochondrial, can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobilities, kinetic properties, and subcellular localizations. Most Caucasians have two major isozymes, while approximately 50% of Orientals have only the cytosolic isozyme, missing the mitochondrial isozyme. A remarkably higher frequency of acute alcohol intoxication among Orientals than among Caucasians could be related to the absence of the mitochondrial isozyme. This gene encodes a mitochondrial isoform, which has a low K_m for acetaldehydes, and is localized in mitochondrial matrix. [provided by RefSeq]

Immunogen	C-DETQFKKILGYIN
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Goat
Species Reactivity	Human
Purification	Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	ELISA Pr*, WB
Format	Liquid
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Size	100 µg
Buffer	Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin.

Preservative	0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Aliquot and store at -21°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	ALDH2 aldehyde dehydrogenase 2 family (mitochondrial) [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	ALDH2
Synonyms	ALDH2; aldehyde dehydrogenase 2 family (mitochondrial); ALDM; ALDH1; ALDH-E2; aldehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial; ALDH class 2; liver mitochondrial ALDH; acetaldehyde dehydrogenase 2; nucleus-encoded mitochondrial aldehyde dehydrogenase 2;
Entrez Gene ID	217
Protein Refseq	NP_000681
UniProt ID	P05091
Chromosome Location	12q24.2
Pathway	Arginine and proline metabolism; Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism; Biological oxidations; Ethanol oxidation; Fatty Acid Omega Oxidation; Fatty acid degradation; GABA biosynthesis, eukaryotes, putrescine => GABA; Glycerolipid metabolism;
Function	aldehyde dehydrogenase (NAD) activity; aldehyde dehydrogenase [NAD(P)+] activity; electron carrier activity;