



Rabbit Anti-Human ADSL Polyclonal Antibody (DPABH-08614)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Immunogen	Recombinant Protein, antigen sequence: RRICLAEAFILTADTILNTLQNISEGLVVYPKVIERRIRQELPFMATENIIMAMVKAGGSR QDCHEKIRVLSQQAASVVKQEGGDNDLIERIQVDAYFSPIHSQLDHLLDPSSFTGRASQQ VQRFLEEEVYPLLKPYESVMKVKA
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human
Purification	Antigen affinity purified
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	IHC, WB, ICC-IF
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µl
Buffer	40% glycerol and PBS (pH 7.2).
Preservative	0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at +4°C for short term storage. Long time storage is recommended at -20°C. Gently mix before use. Optimal concentrations and conditions for each application should be determined by the user.

BACKGROUND

Introduction

Adenylosuccinate lyase is involved in both de novo synthesis of purines and formation of adenosine monophosphate from inosine monophosphate. It catalyzes two reactions in AMP biosynthesis: the removal of a fumarate from succinylaminoimidazole carboxamide (SAICA) ribotide to give aminoimidazole carboxamide ribotide (AICA) and removal of fumarate from adenylosuccinate to give AMP. Adenylosuccinase deficiency results in succinylpurinemic autism, psychomotor retardation, and , in some cases, growth retardation associated with muscle wasting and epilepsy. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Keywords

ADSL; adenylosuccinate lyase; ASL; AMPS; ASASE; adenylosuccinase;

GENE INFORMATION

Entrez Gene ID

[158](#)

UniProt ID

[P30566](#)