



Rabbit Anti-Human Fibrinogen polyclonal antibody (DPABB-JX172)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Immunogen	Purified fibrinogen from human plasma.
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rabbit
Purification	Unpurified
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB 1:250; ELISA 1:5,000; IHC 1:50 Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.
Format	Lyophilized serum
Size	250 μΙ
Preservative	None
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. For long term storage, store at -20°C, avoiding freeze/thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

Introduction Fibrinogen is a glycoprotein that circulates in the blood of vertebrates. During tissue and vascular injury it is converted enzymatically by thrombin to fibrin and subsequently to a

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fibrinbased blood clot. Fibrinogen functions primarily to occlude blood vessels and thereby stop excessive bleeding. However, fibrinogen's product, fibrin, binds and reduces the activity of thrombin. This activity, sometimes referred to as antithrombin I, serves to limit blood clotting. Loss or reduction in this antithrombin 1 activity due to mutations in fibrinogen genes or hypofibrinogen conditions can lead to excessive blood clotting and thrombosis. Fibrin also mediates blood platelet and endothelial cell spreading, tissue fibroblast proliferation, capillary tube formation, and angiogenesis and thereby functions to promote tissue revascularization, wound healing, and tissue repair.

Keywords

FGA; FGA protein; FGB; FGG; Fib2; FIBA; Fibrinogen A alpha polypeptide; Fibrinogen A alpha polypeptide chain; Fibrinogen alpha chain; Fibrinogen B alpha polypeptide; Fibrinogen