



# Anti-HIST1H2BH polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC3415)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H2B family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6.
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<b>Specificity</b>	HIST1H2BH polyclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of HIST1H2BH protein.
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide corresponding to human HIST1H2BH.
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB (Cell lysate), IHC-P, IF,
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/mL
<b>Size</b>	100 µl

<b>Buffer</b>	In PBS, pH 7.2 (0.05% sodium azide)
<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% Sodium Azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C. For long term storage store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">HIST1H2BH histone cluster 1, H2bh [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	HIST1H2BH
<b>Synonyms</b>	HIST1H2BH; histone cluster 1, H2bh; H2B/j; H2BFJ; histone H2B type 1-H; histone H2B.j; histone 1, H2bh; H2B histone family, member J;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">8345</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_003515</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">Q93079</a>
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	6p21.3
<b>Pathway</b>	Alcoholism; Amyloids; Cell Cycle, Mitotic; Cellular responses to stress
<b>Function</b>	DNA binding; protein heterodimerization activity;