



# Anti-TLR1 (aa 321-420) polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC3072)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This gene is ubiquitously expressed, and at higher levels than other TLR genes. Different length transcripts presumably resulting from use of alternative polyadenylation site, and/or from alternative splicing, have been noted for this gene.
<b>Immunogen</b>	TLR1 (NP_003254, 321 a.a. ~ 420 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. The sequence is EIFSNMNIKNFTVSGTRMVHMLCPSKISPFLHLDFSNNLLTDTVFENCGLTELETILQ MNQLKELSKIAEMTTQMKSLLQQLDISQNSVSYDEKKGDCS
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB (Recombinant protein), ELISA,
<b>Size</b>	50 µl
<b>Buffer</b>	50 % glycerol
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

# GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	<a href="#">TLR1 toll-like receptor 1 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
Official Symbol	TLR1
Synonyms	TLR1; toll-like receptor 1; TIL; CD281; rsc786; TIL. LPRS5; toll/interleukin-1 receptor-like protein;
Entrez Gene ID	<a href="#">7096</a>
Protein Refseq	<a href="#">NP_003254</a>
UniProt ID	<a href="#">Q15399</a>
Chromosome Location	4p14
Pathway	Activated TLR4 signalling; Defensins; Innate Immune System; Regulation of toll-like receptor signaling pathway
Function	protein heterodimerization activity; receptor activity; transmembrane signaling receptor activity;