



Anti-MTNR1A (aa 296-350) polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC1966)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description This gene encodes one of two high affinity forms of a receptor for melatonin, the primary hormone secreted by the pineal gland. This receptor is a G-protein coupled, 7-transmembrane receptor that is responsible for melatonin effects on mammalian circadian rhythm and reproductive alterations affected by day length. The receptor is an integral membrane protein that is readily detectable and localized to two specific regions of the brain. The hypothalamic suprachiasmatic nucleus appears to be involved in circadian rhythm while the hypophyseal pars tuberalis may be responsible for the reproductive effects of melatonin.

Immunogen MTNR1A (NP_005949, 296 a.a. ~ 350 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. The sequence is
GLLNQNFRRKEYRRIIVSLCTARVFFVDSSNDVADRVKWKPSPLMTNNNVVKVDSV

Source/Host Mouse

Species Reactivity Human

Conjugate Unconjugated

Applications WB (Recombinant protein), ELISA,

Size 50 µl

Buffer 50 % glycerol

Preservative None

Storage Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	MTNR1A melatonin receptor 1A [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	MTNR1A
Synonyms	MTNR1A; melatonin receptor 1A; MT1; MEL-1A-R; melatonin receptor type 1A; mel1a receptor;
Entrez Gene ID	4543
Protein Refseq	NP_005949
UniProt ID	P48039
Chromosome Location	4q35.1
Pathway	Circadian entrainment; Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors); GPCR downstream signaling; GPCRs, Class A Rhodopsin-like
Function	hormone binding; melatonin receptor activity; organic cyclic compound binding; protein binding