



# Anti-KCNJ16 (aa 319-416) polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC1778)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which tends to allow potassium to flow into rather than out of a cell, can form heterodimers with two other inward-rectifier type potassium channels. It may function in fluid and pH balance regulation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.
<b>Immunogen</b>	KCNJ16 (NP_061128, 319 a.a. ~ 416 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. The sequence is  KYYKVNLQFEGSVEVYAPFCSAKQLDWKDQQQLHIEKAPPVRESCTSDTKARRRSFSAVA IVSSCENPEETTSATHEYRETPYQKALLTLNRISVES
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB (Cell lysate), WB (Recombinant protein), ELISA,
<b>Size</b>	50 µl
<b>Buffer</b>	50 % glycerol
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## GENE INFORMATION

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<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">KCNJ16 potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 16 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	KCNJ16
<b>Synonyms</b>	KCNJ16; potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 16; BIR9; KIR5.1; inward rectifier potassium channel 16; inward rectifier K <sup>+</sup> channel KIR5.1; inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir5.1; potassium channel, inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 16;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3773</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001257351</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">Q9NPI9</a>
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	17q24.3
<b>Pathway</b>	Activation of G protein gated Potassium channels; G protein gated Potassium channels; GABA receptor activation; Inhibition of voltage gated Ca <sup>2+</sup> channels via G $\beta$ /gamma subunits
<b>Function</b>	inward rectifier potassium channel activity;

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