



## Anti-KCNJ2 (aa 328-427) polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC1772)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell, probably participates in establishing action potential waveform and excitability of neuronal and muscle tissues. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Andersen syndrome, which is characterized by periodic paralysis, cardiac arrhythmias, and dysmorphic features.
<b>Immunogen</b>	KCNJ2 (NP_000882, 328 a.a. ~ 427 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. The sequence is  PVLFEEKHYYKVDYSRFHKTYEVPNPLCSARDLAEKKYILSNANSFCYENEVALTSKEE DDSENGVPESTSTDTPPDIDLHNQASVPLEPRPLRRESEI
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB (Cell lysate), WB (Recombinant protein), ELISA,
<b>Size</b>	50 µl
<b>Buffer</b>	50 % glycerol
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

### GENE INFORMATION

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<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">KCNJ2 potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 2 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	KCNJ2
<b>Synonyms</b>	KCNJ2; potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 2; IRK1; LQT7; SQT3; ATFB9; HHIRK1; KIR2.1; HHBIRK1; inward rectifier potassium channel 2; IRK-1; hIRK1; inward rectifier K <sup>+</sup> channel KIR2.1; cardiac inward rectifier potassium channel;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3759</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_000882</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">P63252</a>
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	17q24.3
<b>Pathway</b>	Activation of G protein gated Potassium channels; Cholinergic synapse; G protein gated Potassium channels; GABA receptor activation
<b>Function</b>	identical protein binding; inward rectifier potassium channel activity; phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate binding; voltage-gated potassium channel activity involved in cardiac muscle cell action potential repolarization

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