



Anti-AR (aa 221-320) polyclonal antibody (DPAB-DC1733)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described.
Immunogen	AR (NP_000035, 221 a.a. ~ 320 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. The sequence is SKDNYLGSTSTISDNAKELCKAVSVSMGLGVEALEHLSPGEQLRGDCMYAPLLGVPPAVR PTPCAPLAECKGSLDDDSAGKSTEDTAEYSPFKGGYTKGL
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB (Recombinant protein), ELISA,
Size	50 µl
Buffer	50 % glycerol
Preservative	None

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	AR androgen receptor [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	AR
Synonyms	AR; androgen receptor; KD; AIS; TFM; DHTR; SBMA; HYSP1; NR3C4; SMAX1; HUMARA; dihydrotestosterone receptor; androgen nuclear receptor variant 2; nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4;
Entrez Gene ID	367
Protein Refseq	NP_000035
UniProt ID	P10275
Chromosome Location	Xq12
Pathway	Alpha6-Beta4 Integrin Signaling Pathway; Coregulation of Androgen receptor activity; Gene Expression; IL-6 Signaling Pathway
Function	DNA binding; RNA polymerase II core promoter proximal region sequence-specific DNA binding; RNA polymerase II core promoter proximal region sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity involved in positive regulation of transcription; RNA p