



## Anti-G. lamblia Monoclonal antibody, Clone C1264M (DMAB3409)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Specificity	Specific to the 65kDa Giardia antigen. Detects cysts.
Target	G. lamblia
Immunogen	Partially purified Giardia cyst extract
Isotype	lgG1
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	G. lamblia
Clone	C1264M
Affinity Constant	Not determined
Purification	>90% pure. Protein A chromatography
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Suitable for use in ELISA, IFA and Western blot. Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.  Recommended pairs for sandwich immunoassay:  • Capture  DMAB3409  • Detection  DMAB3410

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Format	Purified, Liquid
Concentration	Lot specific
Size	1 mg
Buffer	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2 This product contains no stabilizing proteins.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium Azide
Storage	Short term store at 2-8°C. Long term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

## **BACKGROUND**

Keywords

Introduction	Giardiasisis adiarrhoeal illness caused by a single celled microscopic protozoan parasite, Giardia lamblia, also known as Giardia intestinalis. Giardia lamblia existsin two forms, an active form called a trophozoite, and an inactive formcalled a cyst. The active trophozoite attaches to the lining of the smallintestine and is responsible for causing the signs and symptoms of giardiasis. The trophozoite cannot live long outside of the body and spreadof infection is via the cyst which is excreted in the host"s faeces. When it is ingested, stomach acid activates the cyst, and the cyst develops into the disease causing trophozoite in the new host.
	Giardiasis is diagnosed byfinding cysts or trophozoites in the faeces.

G lamblia; Giardia intestinalis; Giardia lamblia; Hexamitidae; Giardia