



## Mouse Anti-EBV EA-D Monoclonal antibody, **Clone A0262 (DMAB3325)**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Monoclonal Antibody to Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV)
Antigen Description	The EBV Early Diffuse Antigen Diffuse EA-D or EBV DNA polymerase accessory protein, is an essential component of the viral DNA polymerase and is required for lytic EBV replication. In addition to its polymerase accessory protein function, it has recently been reported that Ea-D is a transcriptional activator, inducing expression of the essential oriLyt promoter, BHLF1.
Specificity	Specific for the "Early antigen-diffuse" (EA-D) 50-52 kD of EBV
Target	EBV
Immunogen	Recombinant EB early antigen-diffuse
Isotype	lgG2
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	EBV
Clone	A0262
Affinity Constant	Not determined
Purification	>90% pure. Protein A chromatography
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Suitable for use in IFA, Western blot, and IHC (weak, antigen retrieval required). Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.

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Format	Purified, Liquid
Concentration	100ug/ml (OD280nm, E0.1% = 1.3)
Size	1 mg
Buffer	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2. No stabilizing proteins have been added.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium Azide
Storage	Short-term (up to 6 months) store at 2-8°C. Long term, aliquot and store at –20°C. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

## **BACKGROUND**

Introduction	The Epstein–Barrvirus (EBV), also called human herpesvirus 4 (HHV-4), is a virus of theherpes family, which includes herpes simplex virus 1 and 2, and is one of themost common viruses in humans. It is best known as the cause of infectiousmononucleosis. It is also associated with particular forms of cancer, particularlyHodgkin"s lymphoma, Burkitt"s lymphoma, nasopharyngeal carcinoma, and centralnervous system lymphomas associated with HIV. Finally, there is evidence thatinfection with the virus is associated with a higher risk of certainautoimmune diseases, especially dermatomyositis, systemic lupuserythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, Sjögren"s syndrome, and multiplesclerosis.
Keywords	BMRF1; DNA polymerase accessoryprotein; Early antigen protein D; EBV Ea D; EBV early antigen protein D;Epstein Barr virus Ea D; Epstein Barr virus early antigen diffuse Ea D;Epstein Barr virus early antigen protein D; HHV4 Ea D; HHV4 early antigen diffuse