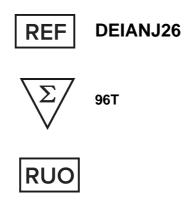




Rhodamine B ELISA Kit



This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

For illustrative purposes only. To perform the assay the instructions for use provided with the kit have to be used.

Creative Diagnostics

Address: 45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 (USA) 44-161-818-6441 (Europe) Fax: 1-631-938-8221 Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com Web: www.creative-diagnostics.com

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Intended Use

The Rhodamine B ELISA Kit is an immunoassay for the quantitative and sensitive screening of Rhodamine B in food samples such as chili sauce and chili powder, etc.

General Description

Rhodamine B is a chemical compound and a dye. Cases of economically motivated adulteration, where it has been illegally used to impart a red color to chili powder, have come to the attention of food safety regulators.

Principles of Testing

The test is a direct competitive ELISA and it is based on the recognition of Rhodamine B by antibodies. Rhodamine B, when present in calibrators or samples and a Rhodamine B-enzyme (HRP) analogue compete for the binding sites of anti-Rhodamine B antibodies in solution. The Rhodamine B antibodies are bound by a second antibody immobilized in the plate. After a washing step and addition of a substrate solution, a color signal (blue) is generated. Following a 20 minute incubation, the reaction is stopped by the addition of diluted acid and the amount of color (yellow) in each well is read using an ELISA reader. The color of the unknown samples is compared to the color of the calibrators and the Rhodamine B concentration of the samples is derived. The concentrations of the samples are determined by interpolation using the standard curve constructed with each run.

Reagents And Materials Provided

- 1. Microtiter plate (12 X 8 strips) coated with antibody, in an resealable aluminum pouch
- 2. Calibrators/Standards
- 3. Rhodamine B-HRP Conjugate
- 4. Anti-Rhodamine B Antibody Solution
- 5. Wash Solution
- 6. Substrate (Color) Solution (TMB)
- 7. Stop Solution
- 8. Sample Diluent

Materials Required But Not Supplied

- 1. Micro-pipettes with disposable plastic tips (50-200 μL)
- 2. Multi-channel pipette (50-250 μ L) or stepper pipette with plastic tips (50-250 μ L)
- 3. Microtiter plate washer (optional)
- Microtiter plate reader (wave length 450 nm) 4.
- 5. Shaker for microtiter plates (optional)

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 (USA)

Tel: 44-161-818-6441 (Europe)



Fax: 1-631-938-8221



Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

- 6. Deionized or distilled water
- 7. Methanol
- 8. Paper towels or equivalent absorbent material
- 9. Timer

Storage

Store the kit at 2 - 8°C.

Specimen Collection And Preparation

Chili Sauce-To a glass vial, add 2.5 gm of matrix and 25 mL of methanol

Chili Powder-To a glass vial, add 1 gm of matrix and 10 mL of methanol

- 2. Vortex or shake for 1-2 minutes. Allow to settle until a visible top clear layer is seen.
- 3. Dilute samples as follows prior to running in the assay.
- Highly contaminated samples (samples outside the standard curve range) should be diluted in order to get 4. the value in the middle of the curve and re-analyzed.
- To obtain the final concentration of the sample, the concentration obtained in the assay must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Assay Procedure

- Add 50 µL of the standard solutions or the sample extracts into the wells of the test strips. We recommend using duplicates or triplicates.
- 2. Add 50 µL of enzyme conjugate solution to the individual wells successively using a multi-channel pipette or a stepping pipette.
- Add 50 µL of antibody solution to the individual wells successively using a multi- channel pipette or a stepping pipette.
- Cover the wells with parafilm or tape and mix contents by moving the strip holder in a rapid circular motion on the bench top for about thirty seconds. Incubate the strips for 45 minutes at room temperature.
- After incubation, remove the covering and vigorously shake the contents of the wells into a sink or suitable 5. waste container.
- Wash the strips four times using the diluted (1X) washing buffer solution. Please use at least a volume of 250 µL of washing buffer for each well and each washing step. Remaining buffer in the wells should be removed by patting the plate dry on a stack of paper towels.
- Add 100 µL of substrate (color) solution to the wells. Incubate the strips for 20 min at room temperature. Protect the strips from direct sunlight.
- 8. Add 50 µL of stop solution to the wells in the same sequence as for the substrate solution.
- 9. Read the absorbance at 450 nm using a microplate ELISA photometer within 15 minutes after the addition of stopping solution.

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 (USA)

Tel: 44-161-818-6441 (Europe)



Fax: 1-631-938-8221

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com