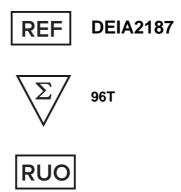




# Coxiella burnetii (Q-Fever) Phase 1 IgG ELISA Kit



This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

For illustrative purposes only. To perform the assay the instructions for use provided with the kit have to be used.

#### **Creative Diagnostics**

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## PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### **Intended Use**

CD ELISA Coxiella burnetii Phase 1 IgG is qualitative tests for detection of human antibodies in serum and plasma directed against Coxiella burnetii Phase 1. For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **General Description**

The Q-fever zoonosis is a globally ubiquitous disease. Its pathogen is the Rickettsia Coxiella burnetii, a small, gram-negative, obligate intracellular bacterium. Coxiella burnetii multiplies in the digestive system of ticks (Dermacentor marginatus in Germany) and in the trophoblasts of a host placenta. Accordingly, tick faeces and the afterbirth of infected mammals (predominantly sheep) are highly infectious. Therefore, occupational groups having direct contact with farm animals are at great risk of exposure. Infection usually results from inhalation of contaminated aerosols, especially during the dry summer months. The incubation time for Qfever is approximately 2-4 weeks following exposure. Influenzalike symptoms are often observed. Diagnosis of Q-fever is currently based on serologic techniques. The use of ELISA test systems is recommended by the WHO because of high sensitivities and specificities and the ability to perform a differential analysis of the antibody response.

## **Principles of Testing**

Microtest plates are coated with antigens. This constitutes the solid phase. Sample is added to the plates and any antibodies specific for the antigen present will bind to the solid phase. After removal of unbound material, anti-human IgG conjugated to an enzyme (alkaline phosphatase) is allowed to react with the immune complex. After removal of excess conjugate by washing, an appropriate substrate (paranitrophenylphosphate) is added, with which the conjugated enzyme reacts producing a colored derivative of the substrate. The color intensity is proportional to the level of specific antibody bound and can be quantified photometrically.

# **Reagents And Materials Provided**

- Break apart microtiter test strips each with 8 antigen coated single wells (altogether 96), 1 frame the coating material is inactivated, 12×8 wells.
- 2. Positive control serum (ready-to-use), 2 ml, Human serum in phosphate buffer with protein; negative for anti-HIV, anti-HBs (Hepatitis B-Virus-surface antigen) and anti-HCV; preservative: < 0.1 % sodium azide coloring: Amaranth O.
- Negative control serum (ready-to-use), 2 ml, Human serum in phosphate buffer with protein; negative for anti-HIV, anti-HBs (Hepatitis B-Virus-surface antigen) and anti-HCV; preservative: < 0.1 % sodium azide coloring: Lissamin green V.
- Cut-off serum (ready-to-use), 2x2 ml, Human serum in phosphate buffer with protein; negative for anti-HIV, anti-HBs (Hepatitis B-Virus-surface antigen) and anti-HCV; preservative: < 0.1 % sodium azide, coloring: Chinaldin yellow

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- 5. Anti-human-lgG-conjugate (ready-to-use), 13 ml, Anti-human-lgG from goat (polyclonal), conjugated to alkaline phosphatase, stabilized with protein stabilization solution preservative: 0.01 % methylisothiazolone, 0.01 % bromnitrodioxane.
- 6. Washing solution concentrate (sufficient for 1 litre), 33.3 ml, Sodium chloride solution with Tween 20, 30 mM Tris, preservative: < 0.1 % sodium azide
- 7. Dilution buffer, 2x50ml, Phosphate buffer with protein and Tween 20; preservative: < 0.1 % sodium azide, 0.01 g/l Bromphenol blue sodium salt
- 8. Stopping solution, 15 ml, 1.2 N sodium hydroxide
- Substrate (ready-to-use), 13 ml, Para-nitrophenylphosphate, solvent free buffer preservative: < 0.1 % 9. sodium azide, (Substrate in unopened bottle may have a slightly yellow coloring. This does not reduce the quality of the product!)

# **Materials Required But Not Supplied**

- 1. common laboratory equipment
- 2. photometer for microtiter plates with filter, wavelength 405 nm, recommended reference wavelength 620 nm - 690 nm (e.g. 650 nm)
- incubator 37°C 3.
- 4. moist chamber
- 5. distilled water

## **Storage**

- Microtiter strips (antigen), after opening at 2-8°C in closed aluminum bag with desiccant. 4 weeks. Strips which are not used must be stored in the press-seal bag of aluminum compound foil under dry and airtight conditions!
- Control sera, after opening at 2-8°C until expiry date; 24 months from date of production. 2.
- 3. Conjugate, ready-to-use solution, at 2-8°C. Avoid contamination (sterile tips!). until expiry date 28 months from date of production.
- Dilution buffer, after opening at 2-8°C, 24 months. Discard cloudy solutions! Unopened: until expiry date; 36 4. months from date of production.
- 5. Washing solution, concentrate after opening at 2-8°C (until expiry date), working dilution at 2-8°C (2 weeks), working dilution at room temperature(1 week).
- Substrate, ready-to-use solution at 2-8°C, protected from light! Avoid contamination (sterile tips!) Discard when solution turns yellow (extinction against distilled water > 0.25). Until expiry date 24 months from date of production.
- Stopping solution, after opening at room temperature, until expiry date 7.

# **Specimen Collection And Preparation**

#### 1. Sample preparation and storage

Lipaemic, hemolytic or icteric samples should only be tested with reservations although in our testing no

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negative influence has been found. Obviously contaminated samples (serum or plasma) should not be tested due to the risk of wrong results.

Serum or Plasma (EDTA, citrate, heparin) collected according to standard laboratory methods are suitable samples.

Samples must not be thermally inactivated.

#### 2. Sample preparation

Before running the test, samples must be diluted in dilution buffer (V1 + V2) as follows:

$V_1 + V_2 = 1 + 100$	add	10 μl	sample	
	each to	1000 μl	dilution buffer	

After dilution and before pipetting into the microtiter plate the samples must be mixed thoroughly to prepare a homogenous solution.

#### 3. Sample storage

The stoppered samples can be stored in a refrigerator up to 7 days at 2-8°C. Extended storage is possible at  $\leq$  -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of samples.

Diluted samples can be stored at 2-8°C for one week.

## **Plate Preparation**

Microtest strips in frame are packed with desiccant in an aluminum bag. Take unrequired cavities out of the frame and put them back into the press-seal bag. Close press-seal bag carefully to ensure airtight conditions.

# **Reagent Preparation**

#### 1. Control sera

Control and standard sera are ready-to-use and must not be diluted any further. They can be used directly for the test run. For each test run and for each test system - independent of the number of microtest strips to be used - control and standard sera must be included. The cut-off-control should be set up in duplicate. With the quantitative tests the standard serum should also be set up in duplicate. Do not treat control sera with Rfabsorbent.

#### 2. Anti-human-IgG-AP-conjugate (ready-to-use)

Please do not mix up conjugates from different kits. They are optimized for each lot.

Avoid contamination of ready-to-use conjugates (please pour sufficient for test into a secondary container to avoid repeatedly pipetting from the original bottle).

## 3. Washing solution

Dilute washing buffer concentrate (V1) 1:30 with distilled water to a final volume of V2.

Example:

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buffer concentrate (V <sub>1</sub> )	final volume (V <sub>2</sub> )
33.3 ml	1000 ml
1 ml	30 ml

- 4. Dilution buffer for samples (ready-to-use)
- 5. Substrate (ready-to-use).

To avoid contamination use gloves. For pipetting substrate solution use sterile tips only!

6. Stopping solution (ready-to-use)

## **Assay Procedure**

#### Note:

Only use CD ELISA classic reagents for test procedure, since all reagents are matched.

In particular standard and control sera are defined exclusively for the test kit to be used. Do not use them in other lots.

There are three different conjugate concentrations for each immunoglobulin class: LOW, MEDIUM, HIGH

The classification is written on each label as follows:

IgG + lowly concentrated IgG conjugate

IgG ++ medium concentrated IgG conjugate

IgG +++ highly concentrated IgG conjugate

In rare cases the use of special conjugate is necessary to guarantee consistent quality for our products. Special conjugates are produced in a separate lot and do not wear the "+" sign. Therefore, special conjugates are not exchangeable with other conjugates.

Please pay close attention to notifications on labels!

Unopened, all components of the ELISA kits may be used up to the dates given on the labels, if stored at +2°C to +8°C. Complete stability and storage data are described under "Storage".

Each reagent has been calibrated and optimized for the test. Dilution or alteration of these reagents may result in a loss of sensitivity.

Avoid exposure of reagents to strong light during storage and incubation. Reagents must be tightly closed to avoid evaporation and contamination with microorganisms since incorrect test results could occur due to interference from proteolytic enzymes.

To open the press-seal bag please cut off the top of the marked side, only. Do not use the strips if the aluminum bag is damaged or if the press-seal bag with remaining strips and desiccant was not properly reclosed.

Bring all reagents to room temperature before testing.

Use aseptic techniques for removing aliquots from the reagent tubes to avoid contamination. To avoid false positive results ensure not to contact or sprinkle the top-walls of wells while pipetting conjugate. Be careful not to mix the caps of the bottles and/or vials.

Reproducibility depends on thorough mixing of the reagents. Shake the flasks containing control sera before

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use and also all samples after dilution (e.g. by using a monomixer).

Be sure to pipette carefully and comply with the given incubation times and temperatures.

Significant time differences between pipetting the first and last well of the microtiter plate when filling samples/control sera, conjugate or substrate may result in different "pre incubation" times, which may influence the precision and reproducibility of the results.

Optimum results can only be achieved if CD ELISA instructions are followed strictly.

The test is not valid, if the lot-specific validation criteria on the quality control certificate are not fulfilled.

### Inadequate washing will affect the test results:

The washing procedure should be carried out carefully. If the washing procedure is carried out automatically follow the instruction manual of the respective washer. Flat bottom wells are used for CD ELISA. All wells should be filled with equal volumes of washing buffer. At the end of the procedure ensure that the wells are free of all washing buffer by tapping the inverted microtest plate on a paper towel. Avoid foam! Do not scratch coated wells during washing and aspiration. If using an automated washer, ensure it is operating correctly.

#### Procedure:

- Place the required number of cavities in the frame and prepare a protocol sheet.
- Add each 100 µl of diluted sample or ready-to-use controls into the appropriate wells of microtest strips. Spare one well for substrate blank, e.g.:

antigen-cavities	qualitative	
well A1	substrate blank	
well B1	negative control	
well C1	cut-off-serum	
well D1	cut-off-serum	
well E1	positive control	
well F1	sample 1	

- Sample incubation for 60 minutes (+/- 5 min) at 37°C (+/- 1°C) in moist chamber 3.
- 4. After incubation wash all wells with washing solution (by automated washer or manually):

aspirate or shake out the incubation solution

fill each well with 300 µl washing solution

aspirate or shake out the washing buffer

repeat the washing procedure 3 times (altogether 4 times!)

dry by tapping the microtest plate on a paper towel

- Addition of conjugate. Add 100 µl of IgG-conjugate (ready-to-use) to the appropriate well (except substrate 5. blank).
- Conjugate incubation for 30 minutes (+/- 1 min) \* at 37°C (+/- 1°C) in moist chamber. 6.
- 7. After incubation wash all wells with washing solution (see above)
- 8. Addition of substrate. Add 100 µl substrate solution (ready-to-use) to each well (including well for substrate blank!)

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- Substrate incubation for 30 minutes (+/- 1 min) \* at 37°C (+/- 1°C) in moist chamber.
- 10. Stopping of the reaction. Add 100 μl stopping solution to each well, shake microtest plate gently to mix.
- 11. Read optical density. Read OD within 60 minutes at 405 nm against substrate blank, reference wave length between 620 nm and 690 nm (e.g. 650 nm).

#### Calculation

#### Criteria of validity:

- the substrate blank must be OD < 0.25 1.
- 2. the negative control must be negative
- 3. qualitative ELISA: the mean OD-value of the positive control and cut-off serum must be within the validity range, which is given on the lot specific quality control certificate of the kit (after subtraction of the substrate blank!)
- the variation of OD-values may not be higher than 20%.

If these criteria are not met, the test is not valid and must be repeated.

Calculate the mean of the readings for the cut-off-serum. Ensure that positive and negative controls have performed correctly. If duplicated sera show greater than 20 % variation in their OD-reading, the test should be repeated. Subtract blank value (substrate blank) from sample value. Please see the lot specific qualitycontrol certificate which is enclosed to every kit for the validity range.

#### **Precautions**

The ELISA is only designed for qualified personnel who are familiar with good laboratory practice.

All kit reagents and human specimens should be handled carefully, using established good laboratory practice.

- This kit contains human blood components. Although all control- and cut-off-sera have been tested and 1. found negative for HBs-Ag-, HCV- and HIV-antibodies, they should be considered potentially infectious.
- 2. Do not pipette by mouth.
- 3. Do not smoke, eat or drink in areas in which specimens or kit reagents are handled.
- 4. Wear disposable gloves, laboratory coat and safety glasses while handling kit reagents or specimen. Wash hands thoroughly afterwards.
- Samples and other potentially infectious material should be decontaminated after the test run. 5.
- 6. Reagents should be stored safely and be unaccessible to unauthorized access e.g. children.
- 7. Stopping solution: corrosive (C); cause acid burn (R34) use safety glasses, gloves and laboratory coat while handling!

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