



Anti-TLR2 monoclonal antibody, clone U3.6 (DCABH-7998)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Mouse monoclonal to TLR2 - Low endotoxin, Azide free
Antigen Description	Cooperates with LY96 to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipoproteins and other microbial cell wall components. Cooperates with TLR1 to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipoproteins or lipopeptides. Acts via MYD88 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response. May also promote apoptosis in response to lipoproteins. Recognizes mycoplasmal macrophage-activating lipopeptide-2kD (MALP-2), soluble tuberculosis factor (STF), phenol-soluble modulin (PSM) and B.burgdorferi outer surface protein A lipoprotein (OspA-L) cooperatively with TLR6.
Immunogen	The details of the immunogen for this antibody are not available. corresponding to TLR2.
Isotype	IgG1
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Mouse, Human
Clone	U3.6
Conjugate	Functional Grade
Applications	Flow Cyt, Functional Studies
Positive Control	Mouse spleen and Raw264.7 cells.
Format	Liquid
Size	50 µg
Buffer	Aqueous buffer.

Preservative	None
Storage	Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Ship	Shipped at 4°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	TLR2 toll-like receptor 2 [Homo sapiens]
Official Symbol	TLR2
Synonyms	TLR2; toll-like receptor 2; CD282; TIL4; toll/interleukin 1 receptor-like 4; toll/interleukin-1 receptor-like protein 4;
Entrez Gene ID	7097
Protein Refseq	NP_003255
UniProt ID	B3KWR9
Chromosome Location	4q32
Pathway	Activated TLR4 signalling, organism-specific biosystem; Amoebiasis, organism-specific biosystem; Amoebiasis, conserved biosystem; Beta defensins, organism-specific biosystem; Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis), organism-specific biosystem; Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis), conserved biosystem; Defensins, organism-specific biosystem;
Function	Gram-positive bacterial cell surface binding; lipopolysaccharide receptor activity; pattern recognition receptor activity; peptidoglycan binding; protein binding; protein heterodimerization activity; receptor activity; transmembrane signaling receptor act