



Anti-BAD monoclonal antibody, clone Z319 [DyLight® 488] (DCABH-3560)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Rabbit monoclonal to Bad (DyLight® 488)
Antigen Description	Promotes cell death. Successfully competes for the binding to Bcl-X(L), Bcl-2 and Bcl-W, thereby affecting the level of heterodimerization of these proteins with BAX. Can reverse the death repressor activity of Bcl-X(L), but not that of Bcl-2 (By similarity). Appears to act as a link between growth factor receptor signaling and the apoptotic pathways.
Specificity	This antibody does not cross-react with other Bcl-2 members.
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to residues at the N terminal of Human Bad (UniProt ID: Q92934).
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Mouse, Rat, Human
Clone	Z319
Conjugate	Dylight 488
Applications	Flow Cyt
Positive Control	HeLa cells.
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µl
Buffer	pH: 7.20; Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide; Constituents: 99% PBS, 0.05% BSA

Preservative	0.02% Sodium Azide
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Storage	Store at +4°C.
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GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	BAD BCL2-associated agonist of cell death [Homo sapiens]
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Official Symbol	BAD
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Synonyms	BAD; BCL2-associated agonist of cell death; bcl2 antagonist of cell death; BBC2; BCL2L8; bcl2-L-8; BCL2-binding protein; bcl-2-like protein 8; BCL2-binding component 6; bcl-2-binding component 6; BCL-X/BCL-2 binding protein; BCL2-antagonist of cell death
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Entrez Gene ID	572
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Protein Refseq	NP_004313
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UniProt ID	A0A024R562
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Chromosome Location	11q13.1
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Pathway	AKT phosphorylates targets in the cytosol, organism-specific biosystem; Activation of BAD and translocation to mitochondria, organism-specific biosystem; Activation of BH3-only proteins, organism-specific biosystem; Acute myeloid leukemia, organism-specific biosystem; Acute myeloid leukemia, conserved biosystem; Adaptive Immune System, organism-specific biosystem; Alpha-synuclein signaling, organism-specific biosystem;
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Function	cysteine-type endopeptidase activator activity involved in apoptotic process; lipid binding; phospholipid binding; protein binding; protein heterodimerization activity; protein kinase binding; protein phosphatase binding;
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