



Human Lymphotoxin Alpha (DAG358)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	LymphotoxinAlpha (TNF Superfamily, Member 1) (LTA) is a potent lymphoid factor that exerts cytotoxic effects on a wide range of tumor cells and certain other target cells. Human LTA which was expressed in <i>E. coli</i> is a 19kDa protein containing 171 amino acid
Antigen Description	Tumornecrosis factors (or the TNF-family) refers to a group of cytokines family that can cause cell death (apoptosis). The first two members of the family to be identified were: Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF- α) is the best-known member of this class, and sometimes referred to when the term tumornecrosis factor is used. TNF- α is a monocyte-derived cytotoxin that has been implicated in tumour regression, septic shock and cachexia. The protein is synthesised as a prohormone with an unusually long and atypical signal sequence, which is absent from the mature secreted cytokine. A short hydrophobic stretch of amino acids serves to anchor the prohormone in lipid bilayers. Both the mature protein and a partially-processed form of the hormone can be secreted after cleavage of the propeptide. Tumor necrosis factor-beta (TNF- β), also known as lymphotoxin is a cytokine that is inhibited by interleukin 10.
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Human TNF-beta is fully biologically active when compared to standards. The ED50 is determined by the cytolysis of L929 cells in the presence of actinomycin D is and \geq 0.05ng/ml, corresponding to specific activity of and \geq 2x10 ⁷ units/mg. Each laboratory
Format	Purified, Lyophilized. To obtain a 1 μ g/ μ L solution of TNF-beta in PBS, add 1ul of water per μ g protein. This solution can be diluted into other buffered solutions or stored at -20°C for future use.
Concentration	Not applicable.
Buffer	Lyophilized from 10mM NaP, pH 7.0 with 50mM NaCl
Preservative	None

Storage

2-8°C short term, -20°C long term

BACKGROUND

Introduction

Cytokine that in its homotrimeric form binds to TNFRSF1A/TNFR1, TNFRSF1B/TNFB and TNFRSF14/HVEM. In its heterotrimeric form with LTB binds to TNFRSF3/LTBR. Lymphotoxin is produced by lymphocytes and cytotoxic for a wide range of tumor cells in vitro and in vivo.

Keywords

LTA; lymphotoxin alpha; LT; TNFB; TNFSF1; lymphotoxin-alpha; LT-alpha; TNF-beta; TNF superfamily, member 1; tumor necrosis factor beta; tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 1;
