



## 6-Hydroxydopamine [BSA] (DAG3389)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	6-Hydroxydopamine, BSA-conjugated
<b>Specificity</b>	6-Hydroxydopamine conjugated with glutaraldehyde (G) and bovine serum albumin (BSA).
<b>Species</b>	N/A
<b>Conjugate</b>	BSA
<b>Applications</b>	immunohistochemistry and immunocytochemistry
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstituted in deionized water (250 µg)
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized
<b>Size</b>	1 mg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	2-8°C short term, -20°C long term

### BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Oxidopamine is a neurotoxin used by researchers to selectively kill dopaminergic and noradrenergic neurons. 6-OHDA enters the neurons via the dopamine and noradrenaline (norepinephrine) reuptake transporters. Oxidopamine is often used in conjunction with a selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor (such as desipramine) to selectively kill dopaminergic neurons only. The reverse is also possible, however it is rarely done in research.
<b>Keywords</b>	Oxidopamine; 6-hydroxydopamine; 6-OHDA; 2,4,5-trihydroxyphenethylamine