



Mouse GRO-alpha, KC (DAG286)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Recombinant Mouse KC also known as N51 and GRO-1 is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 77 amino acids and having a molecular weight of 8 kDa. Sequence: RLATGAPIANELRCQ CLQTMAGIHL KNIQSLKVLP SGPHCTQTEV IATLKNGREACLDPEAPLVQ KIVQKMLKGV PK
Antigen Description	Has chemotactic activity for neutrophils. May play a role in inflammation and exerts its effects on endothelial cells in an autocrine fashion. In vitro, the processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73) show a 30-fold higher chemotactic activity.
Species	Mouse
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	The biological activity was determined by measuring the dose dependent mobilization of intracellular calcium (calcium flux) with human neutrophils. Significant calcium mobilization is observed with ≥ 50 ng/ml of recombinant mouse KC (Specific Activity: $\geq 2 \times 10^4$
Format	Purified, Lyophilized. Reconstitute using sterile deionized water to a concentration 100 µg/ml. Further dilutions can be made in other aqueous buffers.
Concentration	1 mg/ml (OD _{280nm} , E _{0.1%} = 0.03) (prior to lyophilization)
Buffer	Not applicable.
Preservative	None
Storage	2-8°C short term, -20°C long term

BACKGROUND

Introduction This gene encodes a member of the CXC subfamily of chemokines. The encoded protein is a

secreted growth factor that signal through the G-protein coupled receptor, CXC receptor 2. This protein plays a role in inflammation and as a chemoattractant for neutrophils. Aberrant expression this protein is associated with the growth and progression of certain tumors. A naturally occurring processed form of this protein has increased chemotactic activity. Alternate splicing results in coding and non-coding variants of this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 4. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012]

Keywords

CXCL1; chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 1 (melanoma growth stimulating activity, alpha); FSP; GRO1; GROa; MGSA; NAP-3; SCYB1; MGSA-a; growth-regulated alpha protein; MGSA alpha; GRO-alpha(1-73); C-X-C motif chemokine 1; fibroblast secretory protein; neutrop
