



Recombinant HAV P3C (a.a. 1643-1743) (DAG2388)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	The E.Coli derived 40 kDa recombinant protein contains the P3C immunodominant regions, amino acids 1643-1743.
Species	HAV
Purity	> 90%, based on SDS PAGE
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB standard, antibody ELISA, immunogen, etc.
Format	Each vial contains 100 µg of lyophilized protein in 10mM CBB, pH9.6, 0.1% SDS and 50% glycerol.
Concentration	N/A
Size	100 µg, 500 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	2-8°C short term, -20°C long term

BACKGROUND

Introduction	Hepatitis A virus (HAV) is the sole member of the Hepatovirus genus within the family Picornaviridae. The capsid of HAV encloses a single-stranded RNA genome of about 7.5 kb which is translated into a single polyprotein. The virion proteins VP1 to VP4 and the nonstructural proteins are generated from the polyprotein by a cascade of proteolytic cleavages. Only one protease, viral protease 3C, has been implicated in the nine protein
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scissions. Processing of the capsid protein precursor region generates a unique intermediate, PX (VP1-2A), which accumulates in infected cells and is assumed to serve as precursor to VP1 found in virions, although the details of this reaction have not been determined. Capsid proteins VP1, VP2, and VP3 form a closed capsid enclosing the viral positive strand RNA genome. VP1 is a major viral antigen.

Keywords

HAV P3C ; Hepatitis A P3C
