



Recombinant Human PIGF Protein (DAG-PG01)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description

Placenta growth factor (PIGF) is a member of the PDGF/VEGF family of growth factors that share a conserved pattern of eight cysteines. Alternative splicing results in at least three human mature PIGF forms containing 131 (PIGF-1), 152 (PIGF-2), and 203 (PIGF-3) amino acids (aa) respectively. Only PIGF-2 contains a highly basic heparin-binding 21 aa insert at the Cterminus. Human PIGF-1 shares 56%, 55%, 74% and 95% aa identity with the comparable isoform of mouse, rat, canine, and equine PIGF, respectively. PIGF is mainly found as variably glycosylated, secreted, 55-60 kDa disulfide linked homodimers. Mammalian cells expressing PIGF include villous trophoblasts, decidual cells, erythroblasts, keratinocytes, and some endothelial cells. Circulating PIGF increases during pregnancy, reaching a peak in midgestation; this increase is attenuated in preeclampsia. However, deletion of PIGF in the mouse does not affect development or reproduction. Postnatally, mice lacking PIGF show impaired angiogenesis in response to ischemia. PIGF binds and signals through VEGF R1/FIt-1 but not VEGF R2/Flk-1/KDR, while VEGF binds both but signals only through the angiogenic receptor, VEGF R2. PIGF and VEGF therefore compete for binding to VEGF R1, allowing high PIGF to discourage VEGF/VEGF R1 binding and promote VEGF/VEGF R2-mediated angiogenesis. However, PIGF (especially PIGF-1) and some forms of VEGF can form dimers that decrease the angiogenic effect of VEGF on VEGF R2. PIGF-2, but not PLGF-1, shows heparindependent binding of Neuropilin (Npn)-1 and Npn-2. PIGF induces monocyte activation, migration, and production of inflammatory cytokines and VEGF. These activities facilitate wound, bone fracture, and cardiac repair, but also contribute to inflammation in active sickle cell disease and atherosclerosis. PIGF can also inhibit TIMP3 expression in the spleen, leading to immune triggering of hypertension.

Purity	>95%, by SDS-PAGE visualized with Silver Staining and quantitative densitometry by Coomassie Blue Staining.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Molecular Weight	15 kDa
Reconstitution	Reconstitute at 200 μg/mL in 4 mM HCl.

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Bio-activity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. When Recombinant Human VEGF R1/Flt -1 Fc Chimera is immobilized at 0.5 μ g/mL, 100 μ L/well, the concentration of Recombinant Human PIGF that produces 50% of the optimal binding response is approximately 0.15-0.9 ng/mL.
Format	Lyophilized
Concentration	Batch dependent - please inquire should you have specific requirements.
Size	10 μg, 50 μg
Preservative	None
Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70°C as supplied. 1 month, 2 to 8°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. 3 months, -20 to -70°C under sterile conditions after Reconstitution.

BACKGROUND

Kevwords	D12S1900;PGF;PGFL;placenta growth factor;placental growth factor;placental growth factor,
Reywords	D 123 1900, FGF, FGFL, placerita growth factor, placerital growth factor, placerital growth factor,

vascular endothelial growth factor-related protein; PIGF; PIGF-2; PLGFplacental growth factor-

like;SHGC-10760

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