



Human MAPK14 (phospho T180, Y182) blocking peptide (DAG-P1829)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by the interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppressor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulation, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Specificity	Brain, heart, placenta, pancreas and skeletal muscle. Expressed to a lesser extent in lung, liver and kidney.
Purity	70 - 90% by HPLC.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	BL
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CMGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MAP kinase subfamily. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	MAPK14 mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	MAPK14
Synonyms	MAPK14; mitogen-activated protein kinase 14; RK; p38; CSBP; EXIP; Mxi2; CSBP1; CSBP2; CSPB1; PRKM14; PRKM15; SAPK2A; p38ALPHA; MAP kinase 14; p38alpha Exip; p38 MAP kinase; MAP kinase Mxi2; MAP kinase p38 alpha; CSAID-binding protein; Csaids binding protein; MAX-interacting protein 2; stress-activated protein kinase 2A; p38 mitogen activated protein kinase; mitogen-activated protein kinase p38 alpha; cytokine suppressive anti-inflammatory drug binding protein; cytokine suppressive anti-inflammatory drug-binding protein;
Entrez Gene ID	1432
mRNA Refseq	NM_001315.2
Protein Refseq	NP_001306.1
UniProt ID	L7RSM2
Chromosome Location	6p21.3-p21.2
Pathway	ADP signalling through P2Y purinoceptor 1, organism-specific biosystem; AGE/RAGE pathway, organism-specific biosystem; ATF-2 transcription factor network, organism-specific biosystem; Activated TLR4 signalling, organism-specific biosystem; Activation of the AP-1 family of transcription factors, organism-specific biosystem; Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes, organism-specific biosystem; Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes, conserved biosystem; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), organism
Function	ATP binding; MAP kinase activity; MAP kinase kinase activity; NFAT protein binding; protein binding; protein serine/threonine kinase activity;