



Human GFAP peptide (DAG-P1585)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	This gene encodes one of the major intermediate filament proteins of mature astrocytes. It is used as a marker to distinguish astrocytes from other glial cells during development. Mutations in this gene cause Alexander disease, a rare disorder of astrocytes in the central nervous system. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]
Specificity	Expressed in cells lacking fibronectin.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the intermediate filament family.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	GFAP glial fibrillary acidic protein [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	GFAP
Synonyms	GFAP; glial fibrillary acidic protein;
Entrez Gene ID	2670
mRNA Refseq	NM_001131019.2
Protein Refseq	NP_001124491.1

UniProt ID	P14136
Chromosome Location	17q21
Pathway	Neural Crest Differentiation, organism-specific biosystem; Nuclear signaling by ERBB4, organism-specific biosystem; Signal Transduction, organism-specific biosystem; Signaling by ERBB4, organism-specific biosystem; Spinal Cord Injury, organism-specific biosystem;
Function	integrin binding; kinase binding; structural constituent of cytoskeleton;