



Human AR peptide (DAG-P1319)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
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Specificity	Isoform 2 is mainly expressed in heart and skeletal muscle.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR3 subfamily. Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	AR androgen receptor [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	AR

Synonyms	AR; androgen receptor; KD; AIS; TFM; DHTR; SBMA; HYSP1; NR3C4; SMAX1; HUMARA; dihydrotestosterone receptor; androgen nuclear receptor variant 2; nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4;
Entrez Gene ID	367
mRNA Refseq	NM_000044.3
Protein Refseq	NP_000035.2
UniProt ID	P10275
Chromosome Location	Xq12
Pathway	Alpha6-Beta4 Integrin Signaling Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Androgen receptor signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Coregulation of Androgen receptor activity, organism-specific biosystem; FOXA1 transcription factor network, organism-specific biosystem; Gene Expression, organism-specific biosystem; Generic Transcription Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; IL-6 Signaling Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Integrated Breast Cancer Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Inte
Function	DNA binding; RNA polymerase II transcription factor binding; androgen binding; androgen receptor activity; androgen receptor activity; androgen receptor activity; androgen receptor activity; beta-catenin binding; beta-catenin binding; beta-catenin binding