



## Mouse AXIN2 peptide (DAG-P1291)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	The Axin-related protein, Axin2, presumably plays an important role in the regulation of the stability of beta-catenin in the Wnt signaling pathway, like its rodent homologs, mouse conductin/rat axil. In mouse, conductin organizes a multiprotein complex of APC (adenomatous polyposis of the colon), beta-catenin, glycogen synthase kinase 3-beta, and conductin, which leads to the degradation of beta-catenin. Apparently, the deregulation of beta-catenin is an important event in the genesis of a number of malignancies. The AXIN2 gene has been mapped to 17q23-q24, a region that shows frequent loss of heterozygosity in breast cancer, neuroblastoma, and other tumors. Mutations in this gene have been associated with colorectal cancer with defective mismatch repair. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Specificity</b>	Expressed in brain and lymphoblast.
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Sequence Similarities</b>	Contains 1 DIX domain.Contains 1 RGS domain.
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

### GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">AXIN2 axin 2 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	AXIN2
<b>Synonyms</b>	AXIN2; axin 2; AXIL; ODCRCS; axin-2; conductin; axin-like protein; axis inhibition protein 2;

<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">8313</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_004655.3</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_004646.3</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	Q9Y2T1
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	17q23-q24
<b>Pathway</b>	Basal cell carcinoma, organism-specific biosystem; Basal cell carcinoma, conserved biosystem; Canonical Wnt signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Colorectal cancer, organism-specific biosystem; Colorectal cancer, conserved biosystem; Endometrial cancer, organism-specific biosystem; Endometrial cancer, conserved biosystem; Hippo signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Hippo signaling pathway, conserved biosystem; Neural Crest Differentiation, organism-specific biosystem; Pathway
<b>Function</b>	GTPase activator activity; I-SMAD binding; armadillo repeat domain binding; beta-catenin binding; beta-catenin binding; enzyme binding; protein binding; protein kinase binding; signal transducer activity; ubiquitin protein ligase binding;