



Human PRR5 peptide (DAG-P0983)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	This gene encodes a protein with a proline-rich domain. This gene is located in a region of chromosome 22 reported to contain a tumor suppressor gene that may be involved in breast and colorectal tumorigenesis. The protein is a component of the mammalian target of rapamycin complex 2 (mTORC2), and it regulates platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) receptor beta expression and PDGF signaling to Akt and S6K1. Alternative splicing and the use of alternative promoters results in transcripts encoding different isoforms. Read-through transcripts from this gene into the downstream Rho GTPase activating protein 8 (ARHGAP8) gene also exist, which led to the original description of PRR5 and ARHGAP8 being a single gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2010]
Specificity	Most abundant in kidney and liver. Also highly expressed in brain, spleen, testis and placenta. Overexpressed in several colorectal tumors.
Purity	70 - 90% by HPLC.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the PROTOR family.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	PRR5 proline rich 5 (renal) [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	PRR5

Synonyms	PRR5; proline rich 5 (renal); PP610; PROTOR1; PROTOR-1; FLJ20185k; proline-rich protein 5; protein observed with Rictor-1; Rho GTPase activating protein 8;
Entrez Gene ID	55615
mRNA Refseq	NM_001017528.2
Protein Refseq	NP_001017528.1
UniProt ID	P85299
Chromosome Location	22q13
Pathway	Rho GTPase cycle, organism-specific biosystem; Signal Transduction, organism-specific biosystem; Signaling by Rho GTPases, organism-specific biosystem; TOR signaling, organism-specific biosystem; mTOR signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem;
