



Human CSF2 peptide (DAG-P0553)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine that controls the production, differentiation, and function of granulocytes and macrophages. The active form of the protein is found extracellularly as a homodimer. This gene has been localized to a cluster of related genes at chromosome region 5q31, which is known to be associated with interstitial deletions in the 5q-syndrome and acute myelogenous leukemia. Other genes in the cluster include those encoding interleukins 4, 5, and 13. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Purity	70 - 90% by HPLC.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the GM-CSF family.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	CSF2 colony stimulating factor 2 (granulocyte-macrophage) [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	CSF2
Synonyms	CSF2; colony stimulating factor 2 (granulocyte-macrophage); GMCSF; granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor; CSF; molgramostin; sargramostim;
Entrez Gene ID	1437

mRNA Refseq	NM_000758.3
Protein Refseq	NP_000749.2
UniProt ID	P04141
Chromosome Location	5q31.1
Pathway	Amoebiasis, organism-specific biosystem; Amoebiasis, conserved biosystem; Calcineurin-regulated NFAT-dependent transcription in lymphocytes, organism-specific biosystem; Calcium signaling in the CD4+ TCR pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine Signaling in Immune system, organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, conserved biosystem; Cytokines and Inflammatory Response, organism-specific biosyst
Function	cytokine activity; granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor binding; growth factor activity; protein binding;