



Human GAS6 peptide (DAG-P0515)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	This gene product is a gamma-carboxyglutamic acid (Gla)-containing protein thought to be involved in the stimulation of cell proliferation, and may play a role in thrombosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]
Specificity	Plasma. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are widely expressed. Isoform 1 is the predominant form in spleen.
Purity	70 - 90% by HPLC.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Contains 4 EGF-like domains.Contains 1 Gla (gamma-carboxy-glutamate) domain.Contains 2 laminin G-like domains.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	GAS6 growth arrest-specific 6 [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	GAS6
Synonyms	GAS6; growth arrest-specific 6; AXSF; AXLLG; growth arrest-specific protein 6; AXL stimulatory factor; AXL receptor tyrosine kinase ligand;

45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 Fax: 1-631-938-8221

Entrez Gene ID	<u>2621</u>
mRNA Refseq	NM 000820.2
Protein Refseq	NP_000811.1
UniProt ID	Q14393
Chromosome Location	13q34
Pathway	Cell surface interactions at the vascular wall, organism-specific biosystem; Gamma-carboxylation of protein precursors, organism-specific biosystem; Gamma-carboxylation, transport, and amino-terminal cleavage of proteins, organism-specific biosystem; Hemostasis, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolism of proteins, organism-specific biosystem; PTM: gamma carboxylation, hypusine formation and arylsulfatase activation, organism-specific biosystem; Platelet activation, signaling and aggregation, org
Function	binding, bridging; calcium ion binding; cysteine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity involved in apoptotic process; phosphatidylserine binding; protein binding; protein tyrosine kinase activator activity; receptor agonist activity; receptor binding; rec