



Human GLA peptide (DAG-P0468)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Antigen Description	This gene encodes a homodimeric glycoprotein that hydrolyses the terminal alpha-galactosyl moieties from glycolipids and glycoproteins. This enzyme predominantly hydrolyzes ceramide trihexoside, and it can catalyze the hydrolysis of melibiose into galactose and glucose. A variety of mutations in this gene affect the synthesis, processing, and stability of this enzyme, which causes Fabry disease, a rare lysosomal storage disorder that results from a failure to catabolize alpha-D-galactosyl glycolipid moieties. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Purity	70 - 90% by HPLC.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Sequence Similarities	Belongs to the glycosyl hydrolase 27 family.
Format	Liquid
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	GLA galactosidase, alpha [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	GLA
Synonyms	GLA; galactosidase, alpha; GALA; alpha-galactosidase A; melibiase; alpha-gal A; agalsidase alfa; alpha-D-galactosidase A; alpha-D-galactoside galactohydrolase 1;
Entrez Gene ID	2717

mRNA Refseq	NM_000169.2
Protein Refseq	NP_000160.1
UniProt ID	P06280
Chromosome Location	Xq22
Pathway	Galactose metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Galactose metabolism, conserved biosystem; Glycerolipid metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Glycerolipid metabolism, conserved biosystem; Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - globo series, organism-specific biosystem; Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis - globo series, conserved biosystem; Glycosphingolipid metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Lysosome, organism-specific biosystem; Lysosome, conserved biosystem; Metabolism, organism-specific bio
Function	alpha-galactosidase activity; alpha-galactosidase activity; alpha-galactosidase activity; catalytic activity; galactoside binding; hydrolase activity; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; raffinose alpha-galactosidase activity; receptor bin