



# Human CUBN peptide (DAG-P0370)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	Cubilin (CUBN) acts as a receptor for intrinsic factor-vitamin B12 complexes. The role of receptor is supported by the presence of 27 CUB domains. Cubulin is located within the epithelium of intestine and kidney. Mutations in CUBN may play a role in autosomal recessive megaloblastic anemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Purity</b>	70 - 90% by HPLC.
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles. Information available upon request.

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">CUBN cubilin (intrinsic factor-cobalamin receptor) [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	CUBN
<b>Synonyms</b>	CUBN; cubilin (intrinsic factor-cobalamin receptor); IFCR; MGA1; gp280; cubilin; 460 kDa receptor; cubilin precursor variant 1; cubilin precursor variant 2; intestinal intrinsic factor receptor; intrinsic factor-vitamin B12 receptor;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">8029</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_001081.3</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001072.2</a>

<b>UniProt ID</b>	O60494
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	10p12.31
<b>Pathway</b>	Cobalamin (Cbl, vitamin B12) transport and metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Defective AMN causes hereditary megaloblastic anemia 1, organism-specific biosystem; Defective BTBD9 causes biotinidase deficiency, organism-specific biosystem; Defective CD320 causes methylmalonic aciduria, organism-specific biosystem; Defective CUBN causes hereditary megaloblastic anemia 1, organism-specific biosystem; Defective GIF causes intrinsic factor deficiency, organism-specific biosystem; Defective HLCS c
<b>Function</b>	calcium ion binding; cobalamin binding; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; receptor activity; transporter activity;