



## MYD88 blocking peptide (CDBP5775)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	This gene encodes a cytosolic adapter protein that plays a central role in the innate and adaptive immune response. This protein functions as an essential signal transducer in the interleukin-1 and Toll-like receptor signaling pathways. These pathways regulate the activation of numerous proinflammatory genes. The encoded protein consists of an N-terminal death domain and a C-terminal Toll-interleukin1 receptor domain. Patients with defects in this gene have an increased susceptibility to pyogenic bacterial infections. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010]
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Used as a blocking peptide in immunoblotting applications.
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	200 µg/mL
<b>Size</b>	0.05 mg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	-20°C

### GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">MYD88 myeloid differentiation primary response 88 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	MYD88
<b>Synonyms</b>	MYD88; myeloid differentiation primary response 88; MYD88D; myeloid differentiation primary response protein MyD88; myeloid differentiation primary response gene (88)

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<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">4615</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_001172566</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001166037</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	Q99836
<b>Pathway</b>	AGE/RAGE pathway; Activated TLR4 signalling; African trypanosomiasis; Apoptosis; Apoptosis Modulation and Signaling; Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis); Cytokine Signaling in Immune system; Cytosolic sensors of pathogen-associated DNA
<b>Function</b>	TIR domain binding; death receptor binding; identical protein binding; protein binding

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