



## KAL1 blocking peptide (CDBP5630)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	Mutations in this gene cause the X-linked Kallmann syndrome. The encoded protein is similar in sequence to proteins known to function in neural cell adhesion and axonal migration. In addition, this cell surface protein is N-glycosylated and may have anti-protease activity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Used as a blocking peptide in immunoblotting applications.
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	200 µg/mL
<b>Size</b>	0.05 mg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	-20°C

### GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">KAL1 Kallmann syndrome 1 sequence [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	KAL1
<b>Synonyms</b>	KAL1; Kallmann syndrome 1 sequence; HH1; HHA; KAL; KMS; ADMXLX; WFDC19; KALIG-1; anosmin-1; kallmann syndrome protein; adhesion molecule-like X-linked; Kallmann syndrome interval gene 1; WAP four-disulfide core domain 19; Kallmann syndrome-1 sequence (anosmin-1)
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3730</a>

---

<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_000216</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_000207</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	P23352
<b>Function</b>	extracellular matrix structural constituent; heparin binding; protein binding; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity

---