



## TNFRSF10B blocking peptide (CDBP5394)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Antigen Description</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily, and contains an intracellular death domain. This receptor can be activated by tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand (TNFSF10/TRAIL/APO-2L), and transduces an apoptosis signal. Studies with FADD-deficient mice suggested that FADD, a death domain containing adaptor protein, is required for the apoptosis mediated by this protein. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms and one non-coding transcript have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009]
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Used as a blocking peptide in immunoblotting applications.
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	200 µg/mL
<b>Size</b>	0.05 mg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	-20°C

### GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">TNFRSF10B tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 10b [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	TNFRSF10B
<b>Synonyms</b>	TNFRSF10B; tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 10b; DR5; CD262; KILLER; TRICK2; TRICKB; ZTNFR9; TRAILR2; TRICK2A; TRICK2B; TRAIL-R2; KILLER/DR5; tumor

necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B; Fas-like protein; death receptor 5; cytotoxic TRAIL receptor-2; TNF receptor superfamily member 10b; apoptosis inducing receptor TRAIL-R2; apoptosis inducing protein TRICK2A/2B; TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2; death domain containing receptor for TRAIL/Apo-2L; tumor necrosis factor receptor-like protein ZTNFR9; p53-regulated DNA damage-inducible cell death receptor(killer)

Entrez Gene ID	<a href="#">8795</a>
mRNA Refseq	<a href="#">NM_003842</a>
Protein Refseq	<a href="#">NP_003833</a>
UniProt ID	O14763
Pathway	Apoptosis; Apoptosis Modulation and Signaling; Caspase-8 activation by cleavage; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; DNA damage response; Death Receptor Signalling; Dimerization of procaspase-8; Direct p53 effectors
Function	TRAIL binding; protein binding; receptor activity