



## CDC42 blocking peptide (CDBP5283)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### Antigen Description

The protein encoded by this gene is a small GTPase of the Rho-subfamily, which regulates signaling pathways that control diverse cellular functions including cell morphology, migration, endocytosis and cell cycle progression. This protein is highly similar to *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Cdc 42, and is able to complement the yeast *cdc42-1* mutant. The product of oncogene Dbl was reported to specifically catalyze the dissociation of GDP from this protein. This protein could regulate actin polymerization through its direct binding to Neural Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome protein (N-WASP), which subsequently activates Arp2/3 complex. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. Pseudogenes of this gene have been identified on chromosomes 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 20. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2013]

Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Used as a blocking peptide in immunoblotting applications.
Format	Liquid
Concentration	200 µg/mL
Size	0.05 mg
Preservative	None
Storage	-20°C

### GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	<a href="#">CDC42 cell division cycle 42 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
Official Symbol	CDC42
Synonyms	CDC42; cell division cycle 42; G25K; CDC42Hs; cell division control protein 42 homolog; G25K

GTP-binding protein; GTP-binding protein, 25kD; growth-regulating protein; GTP binding protein, 25kDa; small GTP binding protein CDC42; dJ224A6.1.1 (cell division cycle 42 (GTP-binding protein, 25kD)); dJ224A6.1.2 (cell division cycle 42 (GTP-binding protein, 25kD))

<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">998</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_001039802</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001034891</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	P60953
<b>Pathway</b>	AGE/RAGE pathway; Adaptive Immune System; Adherens junction; Androgen receptor signaling pathway; Axon guidance; BDNF signaling pathway; Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells; CD28 co-stimulation
<b>Function</b>	GTP binding; GTP-dependent protein binding; GTPase activity; apolipoprotein A-I receptor binding; identical protein binding; mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase binding; protein binding; protein kinase binding; protein kinase binding; thioesterase binding