



# Human SET blocking peptide (CDBP2652)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-SET/I2 alpha PP2A antibody
<b>Antigen Description</b>	The protein encoded by this gene inhibits acetylation of nucleosomes, especially histone H4, by histone acetylases (HAT). This inhibition is most likely accomplished by masking histone lysines from being acetylated, and the consequence is to silence HAT-dependent transcription. The encoded protein is part of a complex localized to the endoplasmic reticulum but is found in the nucleus and inhibits apoptosis following attack by cytotoxic T lymphocytes. This protein can also enhance DNA replication of the adenovirus genome. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2011]
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Apuri, BL, ELISA
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized powder
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">SET SET nuclear oncogene [ Homo sapiens ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	SET
<b>Synonyms</b>	SET; SET nuclear oncogene; SET translocation (myeloid leukemia associated); protein SET;

2PP2A; IPP2A2; PHAPII; protein phosphatase type 2A inhibitor; Template Activating Factor I; chromatin remodelling factor; HLA-DR-associated protein II; phosphatase 2A inhibitor I2PP2A; inhibitor-2 of protein phosphatase-2A; inhibitor of granzyme A-activated DNase; SET translocation (myeloid leukemia-associated); Template-Activating Factor-I, chromatin remodelling factor; IGAAD; TAF-I; I2PP2A; TAF-IBETA;

<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">6418</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_001122821</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001116293</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	Q01105
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	9q34
<b>Pathway</b>	Gene Expression, organism-specific biosystem; Regulation of mRNA Stability by Proteins that Bind AU-rich Elements, organism-specific biosystem; Stabilization of mRNA by HuR, organism-specific biosystem;
<b>Function</b>	histone binding; protein binding; protein phosphatase inhibitor activity; protein phosphatase type 2A regulator activity;