



Mouse OXT blocking peptide (CDBP2153)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-OXT (mouse) antibody
Antigen Description	This gene encodes a preproprotein that is processed to produce oxytocin and neurophysin 1. Oxytocin is a posterior pituitary hormone which is synthesized as an inactive precursor in the hypothalamus along with its carrier protein neurophysin 1. Together with neurophysin, it is packaged into neurosecretory vesicles and transported axonally to the nerve endings in the neurohypophysis, where it is either stored or secreted into the bloodstream. The precursor seems to be activated while it is being transported along the axon to the posterior pituitary. This hormone contracts smooth muscle during parturition and lactation. It is also involved in cognition, tolerance, adaptation, the stress response and complex sexual and maternal behavior, as well as in the regulation of water excretion, salt appetite, blood pressure and cardiovascular functions. Deletion of this gene in mouse reduces bone formation resulting in osteoporosis. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2013]
Species	Mouse
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Apuri, BL, ELISA
Format	Lyophilized powder
Size	100 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name [Oxt oxytocin \[Mus musculus \]](#)

Official Symbol	OXT
Synonyms	OXT; oxytocin; oxytocin-neurophysin 1; OT-NPI; OT; Oxy;
Entrez Gene ID	18429
mRNA Refseq	NM_011025
Protein Refseq	NP_035155
Pathway	Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors), organism-specific biosystem; G alpha (q) signalling events, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR downstream signaling, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR ligand binding, organism-specific biosystem; GPCRs, Class A Rhodopsin-like, organism-specific biosystem; Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction Pathways, organism-specific biosystem; Peptide ligand-binding receptors, organism-specific biosystem;
Function	hormone activity; neurohypophyseal hormone activity; neuropeptide hormone activity; oxytocin receptor binding;