



Human MADD blocking peptide (CDBP1806)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	MADD (C - term) peptide (human)
Antigen Description	Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) is a signaling molecule that interacts with one of two receptors on cells targeted for apoptosis. The apoptotic signal is transduced inside these cells by cytoplasmic adaptor proteins. The protein encoded by this gene is a death domain-containing adaptor protein that interacts with the death domain of TNF-alpha receptor 1 to activate mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) and propagate the apoptotic signal. It is membrane-bound and expressed at a higher level in neoplastic cells than in normal cells. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	BL
Concentration	0.2 mg/ml
Size	50 μg
Buffer	PBS with 0.1% BSA 0.02% sodium azide pH7.2
Preservative	0.02% Sodium Azide
Storage	Upon Receipt - Keep as concentrated solution. Aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name MADD MAP-kinase activating death domain [Homo sapiens]

45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 Fax: 1-631-938-8221

Official Symbol	MADD
Synonyms	MADD; MAP-kinase activating death domain; MAP kinase-activating death domain protein; DENN; KIAA0358; RAB3GEP; Rab3 GDP/GTP exchange factor; insulinoma glucagonoma clone 20; differentially expressed in normal and neoplastic cells; IG20; FLJ35600; FLJ36300;
Entrez Gene ID	<u>8567</u>
mRNA Refseq	NM 001135943
Protein Refseq	NP 001129415
UniProt ID	Q8WXG6
Chromosome Location	11p11.2
Pathway	Caspase cascade in apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Ceramide signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; TNF receptor signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem;
Function	Rab guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity; death receptor binding; guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity; protein binding; protein kinase activator activity;