



# Human KCNJ11 blocking peptide (CDBP1673)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-Kcnj11/Kir6.2 antibody
<b>Antigen Description</b>	Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell, is controlled by G-proteins and is found associated with the sulfonylurea receptor SUR. Mutations in this gene are a cause of familial persistent hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy (PHHI), an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by unregulated insulin secretion. Defects in this gene may also contribute to autosomal dominant non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus type II (NIDDM), transient neonatal diabetes mellitus type 3 (TNDM3), and permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus (PNDM). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Apuri, BL, ELISA
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized powder
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">KCNJ11 potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 11 [Homo sapiens]</a>
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<b>Official Symbol</b>	KCNJ11
<b>Synonyms</b>	KCNJ11; potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 11; BIR; HHF2; PHHI; IKATP; TNDM3; KIR6.2; ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11; beta-cell inward rectifier subunit; inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir6.2; inwardly rectifying potassium channel KIR6.2; potassium channel inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 11; potassium channel, inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 11;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">3767</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_000525.3</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_000516.3</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	B2RC52
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	11p15.1
<b>Pathway</b>	ATP sensitive Potassium channels, organism-specific biosystem; FOXA2 and FOXA3 transcription factor networks, organism-specific biosystem; Insulin secretion, organism-specific biosystem; Integration of energy metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Inwardly rectifying K <sup>+</sup> channels, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Neuronal System, organism-specific biosystem; Potassium Channels, organism-specific biosystem; Regulation of Insulin Secretion, organism-specific b
<b>Function</b>	ATP binding; ATP-activated inward rectifier potassium channel activity; ankyrin binding; heat shock protein binding; ion channel binding; potassium ion binding; protein C-terminus binding; voltage-gated potassium channel activity;

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